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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/029,782	10/26/2001	Ajit Karmaker	JPP-1201 CONT OF CIPI	5987
7590 01/21/2004			EXAMINER	
ANN M. KNA	AB, ESQ.	LEWIS, RALPH A		
	AINS INDUSTRIAL RO			
WALLINGFORD, CT 06492			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			3732	•
			DATE MAILED: 01/21/2004	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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•	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
· Office Action Summany	10/029,782	KARMAKER ET AL.				
· Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
<i>.</i>	Ralph A. Lewis	3732				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on	<u>_</u> ·					
2a) ☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☑ This	action is non-final.					
) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims						
4) Claim(s) 1-8 is/are pending in the application.						
, ,	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
·	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-8</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	or election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examin						
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ acc						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	* `',	, ,				
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	• •				
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the E	xammer. Note the attached Office	Action of form PTO-152.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120						
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application) since a specific reference was included in the first sentence of the specification or in an Application Data Sheet. 37 CFR 1.78. a) The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received. 14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121 since a specific reference was included in the first sentence of the specification or in an Application Data Sheet. 37 CFR 1.78. 						
Attachment(s)						
 Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) 	5) 🔲 Notice of Informal P	(PTO-413) Paper No(s) atent Application (PTO-152)				

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Rejections based on Obvious-type Double Patenting

The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

Claims 1-8 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-33 of U.S. Patent No. 6,186,790. Claims 24 and 30 of 6,186,790 set forth a blank for use in a CAD/CAM system comprised of a polymeric matrix material, filler material and fibrous material. Merely specifying conventional sizes for the particles of the claimed filler material and specifying optimized proportions would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art.

Rejections based on 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

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Claims 1-8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

In claim 1, line 6, there is no clear antecedent basis for "the particulate-filled composite material." It is unclear if the 30% limitation is directed to the particulate filler alone or a combination of the particulate filler and polymeric matrix material.

In claim 2, no units are given for the claimed values.

Rejections based on Prior Art

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Klein (4,457,714) in view of Scharf (5,816,816) and Waknine (4,544,359).

Klein discloses a dental blank 18 comprised of a polymeric matrix having a filler (column 6, lines 21-31) which is subsequently ground into the desired shape. Klein discloses the use of a reinforcing metal bar 20, 21 rather than the claimed fiber reinforcement. Scharf, however, teaches that it is desirable to make the reinforcing bar out of high strength fiber materials as opposed to metal (e.g. column 1, lines 47-49). Fibers have a number advantages over metal including aesthetics, color, it is

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noncorrosive and easily bonded. To have merely substituted a fiber reinforcement

material for the reinforcing metal bar 20, 21 of Klein as taught by Scharf would have

been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art.

In regard to the particular limitations regarding the particle size and composition

Waknine discloses crown forms (column 9, line 31) comprised of a polymeric matrix

(column 6, line 41 - column 7, line 10) and a particulate component which may include

borosilicate and barium silicate having a size of about 0.5 to 5 microns (column 6, lines

24-40) 10). The Waknine blanks are further machined into the desired shape (column

9, lines 43-47). To have merely specified the Waknine filler for the disclosed Klein filler

would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art.

Any inquiry concerning this communication should be directed to Ralph Lewis at

telephone number (703) 308-0770. Fax (703) 872-9306. The examiner works a

compressed work schedule and is unavailable every other Friday. The examiner's

supervisor, Kevin Shaver, can be reached at (703) 308-2582.

Ralph A. Lewis

Primary Examiner

AU3732

R.Lewis

December 13, 2003

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